



# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

**SUBJECT NAME: Environmental Microbiology** 

SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04ENM1

## **Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester							
					Theory				Practical			
Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Sessional University Exam Exam Internal University		University	Total Marks				
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
4	0	4	8	6	30	1	70	3	30		70	200

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of environment microbiology.

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to environment and its interaction with microbes in ecology.

Sr.	Course contents	Teaching					
No.		Hours					
1	Microorganisms and their Habitats						
	Structure and function of ecosystems						
	Terrestrial Environment: Soil profile and soil microflora						
	Aquatic Environment: Microflora of fresh water and marine habitats Atmosphere: Aeromicroflora and dispersal of microbes						
	Animal Environment: Microbes in/on human body (Microbiomics) & animal (ruminants) body. Extreme Habitats: Extremophiles: Microbes thriving at high & low temperatures, pH, high hydrostatic & osmotic pressures, salinity, & low nutrient levels.						
	Microbial succession in decomposition of plant organic matter.						
2	Microbial Interactions:  Microbe interactions: Mutualism, synergism, commensalism, competition, amensalism, parasitism, predation  Microbe-Plant interaction: Symbiotic and non symbiotic interactions	12					
	Microbe-animal interaction: Microbes in ruminants, nematophagus fungi and symbiotic luminescent bacteria						
3	Biogeochemical Cycling:						
	Carbon cycle: Microbial degradation of cellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin and chitin						
	Nitrogen cycle: Nitrogen fixation, ammonification, nitrification, denitrification and						
	nitrate reduction	12					
	Phosphorus cycle: Phosphate immobilization and solubilisation						
	Sulphur cycle: Microbes involved in sulphur cycle						
	Other elemental cycles: Iron and manganese						
4	Waste Management:	12					





	Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of solid	
	waste disposal (composting and sanitary landfill)	
	Liquid waste management: Composition and strength of sewage (BOD and COD),	
	Primary, secondary (oxidation ponds, trickling filter, activated sludge process and	
	septic tank) and tertiary sewage treatment	
5	Microbial Bioremediation:	
	Principles and degradation of common pesticides, organic (hydrocarbons, oil	05
	spills) and inorganic (metals) matter, biosurfactants	
6	Water Potability:	
	Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect potability of	
	water samples: (a) standard qualitative procedure: presumptive test/MPN test,	05
	confirmed and completed tests for fecal coli forms (b) Membrane filter technique	
	and (c) Presence/absence tests	
	Total Hours	60

**Learning Outcomes:-** The students are expected to Understand the basics of environmental microbiology.

### Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session

- 1. **Atlas RM and Bartha R**. (2000). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals & Applications. 4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings Science Publishing, USA
- 2. **Madigan MT, Martinko JM and Parker J**. (2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms. 14th edition. Pearson/ Benjamin Cummings
- 3. **Maier RM, Pepper IL and Gerba CP.** (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Academic Press
- 4. **Okafor, N** (2011). Environmental Microbiology of Aquatic & Waste systems. 1st edition, Springer, New York
- 5. **Singh A, Kuhad, RC & Ward OP** (2009). Advances in Applied Bioremediation. Volume 17, Springer-Verlag, Berlin Hedeilberg
- 6. **Barton LL & Northup DE** (2011). Microbial Ecology. 1st edition, Wiley Blackwell, USA Campbell RE. (1983). Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford, England.
- 7. **Coyne MS**. (2001). Soil Microbiology: An Exploratory Approach. Delmar Thomson Learning.
- 8. **Lynch JM & Hobbie JE.** (1988). Microorganisms in Action: Concepts & Application in Microbial Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, U.K.





## **PRACTICALS**

S.No	Experiment						
1	Analysis of soil - pH, moisture content, water holding capacity, percolation,						
	capillary action.						
2	Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from soil (28°C & 45°C).						
3	Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from rhizosphere and rhizoplane.						
4	Assessment of microbiological quality of water.						
5	Determination of BOD of waste water sample.						
6	Study the presence of microbial activity by detecting (qualitatively) enzymes						
	(dehydrogenase, amylase, urease) in soil.						
7	Isolation of <i>Rhizobium</i> from root nodules.						





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

**SUBJECT NAME: Food and Dairy Microbiology** 

SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04FDM1

## **Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester							
					Theory					Pra	ctical	
Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Sessional University Internal University		University	Total Marks				
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
4	0	4	8	6	30	1	70	3	30		70	200

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

Sr. No.	Course contents	Teaching Hours
1	Foods as a substrate for microorganisms:  Intrinsic and extrinsic factors that affect growth and survival of microbes in foods, natural flora and source of contamination of foods in general.	8
2	Microbial spoilage of various foods Principles, Spoilage of vegetables, fruits, meat, eggs, milk and butter, bread, canned Foods	10
3	Principles and methods of food preservation  Principles, physical methods of food preservation: temperature (low, high, canning, drying), irradiation, hydrostatic pressure, high voltage pulse, microwave processing and aseptic packaging, chemical methods of food preservation: salt, sugar, organic acids, SO2, nitrite and nitrates, ethylene oxide, antibiotics and bacteriocins	12
4	Fermented foods Dairy starter cultures, fermented dairy products: yogurt, acidophilus milk, kumiss, kefir, dahi and cheese, other fermented foods: dosa, sauerkraut, soy sauce and tampeh, Probiotics: Health benefits, types of microorganisms used, probiotic foods available in market.	10
5	Food borne diseases (causative agents, foods involved, symptoms and preventive measures):	10





	Food intoxications: Staphylococcus aureus, Clostridium botulinum and									
	mycotoxins;									
	Food infections: Bacillus cereus, Vibrio parahaemolyticus,									
	Escherichia coli, Salmonellosis, Shigellosis, Yersinia									
	enterocolitica, Listeria monocytogenes and Campylobacter jejuni									
6	Food sanitation and control:	ı								
	HACCP, Indices of food sanitary quality and sanitizers	5								
7	Cultural and rapid detection methods of food borne pathogens in foods									
	and introduction to predictive microbiology.	5								
	Total Hours	60								

#### **Learning Outcomes:-**

At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of Food and Dairy Microbiology

## Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.

- 1. **Adams MR and Moss MO**. (1995). Food Microbiology. 4th edition, New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, New Delhi, India.
- 2. **Banwart JM.** (1987). Basic Food Microbiology. 1st edition. CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
- 3. **Davidson PM and Brannen AL**. (1993). Antimicrobials in Foods. Marcel Dekker, New York.
- 4. **Dillion VM and Board RG**. (1996). Natural Antimicrobial Systems and Food Preservation. CAB International, Wallingford, Oxon.
- 5. Frazier WC and Westhoff DC. (1992). Food Microbiology. 3rd edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, India.
- 6. **Gould GW**. (1995). New Methods of Food Preservation. Blackie Academic and Professional, London.
- 7. **Jay JM, Loessner MJ and Golden DA.** (2005). Modern Food Microbiology. 7<sup>th</sup> edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.
- 8. Lund BM, Baird Parker AC, and Gould GW. (2000). The Microbiological Safety and Quality of Foods. Vol. 1-2, ASPEN Publication, Gaithersberg, MD.
- 9. **Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL.** (2008). Microbiology: An Introduction. 9<sup>th</sup> edition. Pearson Education





## **PRACTICALS**

S.No	Experiment
1	MBRT of milk samples and their standard plate count.
2	Alkaline phosphatase test to check the efficiency of pasteurization of milk.
3	Isolation of any food borne bacteria from food products.
4	Isolation of spoilage microorganisms from spoiled vegetables/fruits.
5	Isolation of spoilage microorganisms from bread.
6	Preparation of Yogurt/Dahi.





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

**SUBJECT NAME: Basics of Bioinformatics and Biostatistics** 

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04BBB1** 

## **Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester							
						The	eory			Pra	ctical	
Th	Tu	Pr	Total Sessional Exam		University Exam Interna		ernal	University	Total Marks			
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
2	2	0	4	3	15	1	35	3				50

#### **Objectives: -**

To provide basic knowledge of Bioinformatics & Biostatistics.

### Prerequisites:-

Basic knowledge of Computational skills is required.

#### Course content:

Sr. No.	Course contents	Teaching Hours
1	Introduction to bioinformatics, biological databases, pattern recognition and prediction, pair wise alignment technique; database searching NCBI, FASTA, BLAST etc. algorithms and program.	10
2	Primary and secondary sequence databases, composite protein sequence databases.	5
3	Comparison of two sequences, global and local alignment – multiple sequence alignment.	5
4	Biostatistics - definition - statistical methods - basic principles. Variables - measurements, functions, limitations and uses of statistics. Measures of central tendency - mean, median, mode, geometric mean - merits & demerits. Measures of dispersion - range, standard deviation, mean deviation, quartile deviation - merits and demerits; Co-efficient of variations.	10
	Total Hours	30

### **Learning Outcomes:-**

At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

### Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.





- 1. **AH wood, T.K. Parry smith DJ**,Introduction to bioinformatics, 2001. Pearson education Asia.
- 2. T.K. Altwood, D.J. Parry-Smith and S. Phukan, Introduction to Bioinformatics.
- 3. **David. W. Mount**, Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis.
- 4. **C.A. Orengo, D.T. Jones and J.M. Thornton**, Bioinformatics: Genes, Proteins, and Computers.
- 5. **Danniel, W.W.**, Biostatistic, 1987. New York, John Wiley Sons.
- SundarRao, P.S.S and Richards, J., An introduction to Biostatistics, 3rd edition, Christian Medical College, Vellore





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH

**COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER-IV (All Sciences)** 

**SUBJECT NAME: Communication Skills in English-II** 

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04CSE1** 

## **Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester								
					Theory Practic				ical				
Th	Tu	Pr	Total			Sessional University Exam Internal University		Total Marks					
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW			
2	0	0	2	2	30	1.5	70	3				100	

### **Objectives:**

- To develop them for Interpersonal Skills, with importance of Active Listening and Reading Non-Verbal Cues.
- To compete them in communication skills related to production and presentation of messages in multiple formats.
- To enable and demonstrate their critical thinking skills related to the analysis, interpretation, and criticism of messages.
- To litigate them in skills related to the construction and analysis of argumentation and persuasive discourse.
- To make them display an understanding of multiple theoretical perspectives and diverse intellectual traditions in Communication.
- To compete them in human relational interactions at work place.
- To make them viable to analysis and practice of ethical communication.
- To develop their feasibility for free expression and the responsibilities it entails.

#### **Prerequisites:**

- i. Students should have basic knowledge of English Language and grammar.
  - Students should have ability to speak and write correct sentences in their day to day language.
  - Students should be familiar with correct usage of language.

#### **Course outline:**

	Content In Details Including Its Sub Topics	<b>Minimum Number of Hours</b>				
Unit No.	Content in Details including its Sub Topics	TI	Practica	TT - 4 - 1		
110.	Section: A: Reading and Writing Skills	Theory	1	Total		
01	Comprehension skills	04		04		
01	Selected texts will be given to the students for reading.	04		04		
	Fundamental Concepts of Reading					
	Techniques of Reading: Scanning & Skimming					
02	Paraphrasing	04		04		
	Reading selected text in the class room, where students will					
	explore/express their own views/Ideas.					
03	Story Making	03		03		





	Basics of Story Making		
	Characteristics of Good Story		
	Types of Stories		
	Forms of story: Oral and Written		
	Essay Writing		
04	Characteristics of good essay	02	02
04	Classification of essays	02	 02
	Hints on essay writing		
	Informal Report, Circular, Memorandum		
	What is Report?		
05	Characteristics of Report	04	04
03	Types of Informal Reports	04	 04
	Objectives of circular and memorandum		
	Drafting circular and memorandum		
06	Official Letters	05	05
00	Inquiry, reply, order, execution, complaint, adjustment, etc.	03	 0.5
07	Section: B Literature	08	 08
07	TheGuide – R. K. Narayan	00	 00

#### **Resources:**

- 1. An Intermediate English Grammar, Raymond Murphy, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. A High School English Grammar, Wren & Martin, S. Chand Publication.
- 3. Prerequisites of Business Communication, Dr. M. N. Padia, Self-Publication.
- 4. Contemporary English Grammar Structures & Composition, David Green, Macmillan Publishers India.
- 5. The Guide, R. K. Narayan, New Delhi: Penguin Books.





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV SUBJECT NAME: MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04MMI1

**Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Teaching hours/week Credit				Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester								
				Theory Practical		ctical							
	Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Session Exam		Univer Exai	-	Inte	ernal	University	Total Marks
						Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
	4	0	4	8	6	30	1	70	3	30		70	200

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

	Course contents	Teaching
Sr. no		Hours
1	Normal microflora of the human body and host pathogen interaction:  Normal microflora of the human body: Importance of normal microflora ,normal microflora of skin, throat,  Gastrointestinal tract, urogenital tract Host pathogen interaction: Definitions-Infection, Invasion, Pathogen,  Pathogenicity, Virulence, Toxigenicity, Carriers and their types, Opportunistic infections, Nosocomial infections.  Transmission of infection.	10
	Samplecollection,transportanddiagnosis:  Collection, transport and culturing of clinical samples and their identification characteristics.	5
3.	Bacterialdiseases: List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents.  Viraldiseases: List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative	10





	agents.	
	<b>Protozoandiseases:</b> List of diseases of various organ systems and their causative agents.	
	Fungaldiseases: Brief description of various types of my coses.	
4.	Antimicrobial agents: General characteristics and mode of action:	
	Antibacterial agents: Five modes of action with one example each: Inhibitor of nucleicacidsynthesis;	
	Inhibitor of cellwall synthesis; Inhibitor of cell membrane function; Inhibitor of protein synthesis;	10
	Inhibitor of metabolism. Antifungalagents: Mechanism of action of AmphotericinB, Grise of ulvin.	
	Antiviralagents: Mechanism of action of Amantadine,	
	Acyclovir, Azidothymidine.	
5.	ImmuneCells and Organs: Structure, Functions and Properties of: ImmuneCells—Stemcell, Tcell, Bcell, NKcell,	
	Macrophage, Neutrophil, Eosinophil, Basophil, Mastcell, Dendritic cell; and Immune Organs– Bone Marrow,	10
	Thymus, LymphNode, Spleen	
6.	Antigens and Antibodies:	
	Characteristics of an antigen (Foreignness, Molecularsize and Heterogeneity); Haptens; Epitopes	
	(T&B cell epitopes), Adjuvants, Structure, Types and Functions of antibodies.	
	<b>Generation of Immune Response:</b> Primary and Secondary Immune Response; Generation of Humoral	15
	Immune Response (Plasma and Memorycells); Generation of Cell Mediated Immune Response	
	Immunological Techniques: PrinciplesofPrecipitation,Agglutination,Immunodiffusion,Immunoelectrophore sis, ELISA, ELISPOT.	
	Total hours	60

**Learning Outcomes:-**





At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

## Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.

- 1. **Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker K.J.** (2009) Text book of Microbiology.8 th edition, University Press Publication
- 2. **BrooksG.F., Carroll K.C., ButelJ.S., Morse S.A.and Mietzner, T.A.** (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26<sup>th</sup> edition. Mc Graw Hill Publication
- 3. **Goering R.,DockrellH.,ZuckermanM.andWakelinD**.(2007) Mims'Medical Microbiology.4<sup>th</sup>edition.Elsevier
- 4. **WilleyJM,SherwoodLM,andWoolvertonCJ.**(2013)Prescott,Harley and Klein's Microbiology.9<sup>th</sup> edition. Mc Graw Hill Higher Education
- 5. **Abbas AK, Lichtman AH, PillaiS**. (2007). Cellular and Molecular Immunology.6<sup>th</sup> edition Saunders Publication, Philadelphia.
- 6. **Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roittl M**.(2006).Roitt's Essential Immunology.11<sup>th</sup> edition Wiley- Black well Scientific Publication, Oxford.
- 7. **Golds by RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BA.**(2007).Kuby's Immunology.6<sup>th</sup> edition W.H. Freeman and Company, NewYork.
- 8. **RichardCandGeiffreyS**.(2009).Immunology.6<sup>th</sup> edition.Wiley Black well Publication.





## **PRACTICALS**

S.No	Experiment
1	Identify bacteria on the basis of cultural, morphological and biochemical characteristics: IMViC, TSI, nitrate reduction ,urease production and catalase tests
2	Study of composition and use of important differential media for identification of bacteria: EMB Agar, McConkeyagar ,Mannitol Salt agar ,Deoxycholate citrate agar, TCBS
3	Study of bacterial flora of skin by swab method
4	Perform antibacterial sensitivity by Kirby-Bauermethod
5	Identification of human blood groups.
6	To perform Total Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
7	To perform Differential Leukocyte Count of the given blood sample.
8	To separate serum from the blood sample (demonstration).
9	To perform imunodiffusion by Ouchterlony method.





## **FACULTY OF SCIENCES**

## **DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES**

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

SUBJECT NAME: INDUSTRIAL AND FOOD MICROBIOLOGY

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04IFM1** 

**Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Teaching hours/week Credit					Evaluation Scheme/semester										
ſ							The	eory			Pra	ctical			
	Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Session Exam		Univer Exar	-	Internal		internal		University	Total Marks
						Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW				
	4	0	4	8	6	30	1	70	3	30		70	200		

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

Sr. no	Course contents	Teaching Hours	
1.	Introduction to Industrial microbiology:		
	Brief history and developments in industrial microbiology		
	Types of fermentation processes-solidstate, liquidstate, batch, fed-batch and continuous, Types of fermenters—	10	
	laboratory, pilot-scale and production fermenters, Components of atypical continuously stirred tank bioreactor		
2.	Isolation of Industrial Strains and Fermentation Medium:		
	Primary and secondary screening Preservation and maintenance of industrial strains Ingredients used in	8	
	Fermentation medium-molasses, corn steep liquor, whey & Yeast extract		
3.	Microbialfermentationprocesses:		
	Down stream processing -filtration, centrifugation, cell disruption, solvent extraction. Microbial production of	12	
	Industrial products- citricacid, ethanol and penicillin. Industrial production		





	and uses of the enzymes-amylases,	
	proteases, lipases and cellulases.	
4.	Food as a substrate for microbial growth:	
	Intrinsic and extrinsic parameters that affect microbial growth in food.  Microbial spoilage of food-milk, egg,	9
	Bread and canned foods	
5.	Principles and methods of food preservation and foods anitation:	
	Physical methods-high temperature, low temperature, irradiation, aseptic packaging Chemical methods-salt,	9
	sugar, benzoates, citric acid, ethylene oxide, nitrate andnitrite Food sanitation and control–HACCP	
6.	Dairy products, probiotics and Food-borne Diseases:	
	Fermented dairy products-yogurt, acido philus milk, kefir,dahi and cheese	
	Probiotics definition, examples and benefits. Food intoxication by Clostridium botulinum and	12
	Staphylococcus aureus	
	Food infection by Salmonella and E.coli.	
		60

## **Learning Outcomes:-**

At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

## Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.





- 1. **Crueger W and Crueger A.**(2000). Biotechnology: A textbook of Industrial Microbiology. 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition.Panima Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 2. **Patel AH**.(1996).Industrial Microbiology. 1stEdition. MacMillan India Limited Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi, India
- 3. **Tortora GJ, Funke BR, and Case CL.**(2008). Microbiology: An introduction. 9th Edition. Pearson Education
- 4. WilleyJM, Sherwood LM AND Woolverton CJ(2013), Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology.9th Edition. McGraw Hill Higher education
- 5. **CasidaLE.**(1991).Industrial Microbiology.1<sup>st</sup> edition.WileyEasternLimited.
- 6. **StanburyPF, Whitaker A and Hall SJ**. (2006). Principles of Fermentation Technology. 2nd edition, Elsevier Science Ltd.
- 7. **AdamsMRandMossMO**.(1995).FoodMicrobiology.4thedition,NewAgeInternational(P)LimitedPublishers,NewDelhi,India.
- 8. **BanwartJM**.(1987).BasicFoodMicrobiology.1stedition.CBSPublishersandDistributors, Delhi,India.
- 9. **FrazierWCandWesthoffDC**.(1992).FoodMicrobiology.3rdedition.TataMcGraw-HillPublishingCompanyLtd,NewDelhi,India.
- $10. \ \textbf{JayJM,LoessnerMJandGoldenDA}. (2005). Modern Food Microbiology. 7 {}^{th} edition, CBS \\ Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, India.$





## **PRACTICALS**

S. No	Experiment
1	Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of amylase
2	Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of citric acid
3	Microbial fermentation for the production and estimation of ethanol
4	Determination of the microbiological quality of milk sample by MBRT
5	Isolation of fungi from spoilt bread/fruits/vegetables
6	Preparation of Yogurt/ Dahi





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

SUBJECT NAME:MICROBES IN ENVIRONMENT

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04MIN1** 

**Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Teaching hours/week Credit				Evaluation Scheme/semester								
						The	Theory			Pra	etical	
Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Session	nal	Univer	sity	Int	ernal		Total
111	1 u	11	Total		Exai	n	Exar	n	11110	ernai	University	Marks
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
4	0	4	8	6	30	1	70	3	30		70	200

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

Sr. No.	Course contents	Teaching
		Hours
1	Microorganisms and their Habitats:	
	Structure and function of ecosystems Terrestrial Environment: Soil profil and soil microflora, Aquatic Environment: Microflora of fresh water and marine habitats	
	Atmosphere: Aeromicroflora and dispersal of microbes Animal Environment: Microbes in/on human body (Microbiomics) & animal (ruminants) body.	14
	Extreme Habitats: Extremophiles: Microbes thriving at high & low temperatures, pH, High hydrostatic & osmotic pressures, salinity and low nutrient levels.	
2	Microbial Interactions:	
	Microbe interactions: Mutualism, synergism, commensalism, competition, amensalism, parasitism, Predation, Microbe- Plant interaction: Symbiotic and non-symbiotic interactions. Microbe animal interaction: Microbes	12





	inruminants, nematophagusfungi and symbiotic luminescent bacteria.	
3	Bio geochemical Cycling:	
	Carboncycle: Microbial degradation of cellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin and	
	chitin Nitrogencycle: Nitrogen fixation, ammonification, nitrification, de-	
	nitrification and nitrate reduction. Phosphorus cycle: Phosphate immobilization and solubilisation.	12
	Sulphur cycle: Microbes involved in sulphur cycle. Other elemental cycles:	
	Iron and manganese	
4	Waste Management:	
	Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of	
	solid waste disposal (composting and sanitary landfill) Liquid waste	12
	management: Composition and strength of sewage (BOD and COD), Primary,	
	secondary (oxidation ponds, tricklingfilter, activated sludge process and	
	septic tank) and tertiary Sewage treatment	
5	MicrobialBioremediation:	5
	Principles and degradation of common pesticides, hydrocarbons (oilspills).	5
6	WaterPotability:	
	Treatment and safety of drinking (potable) water, methods to detect	
	potability of water samples: (a) standard qualitative procedure: presumptive	5
	test/MPNtest, confirmed and completed tests for faecal coliforms	
	(b)Membrane filter technique and (c)Presence/absencetests	
	Total Hours	60

### **Learning Outcomes:-**

At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

## Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.





- 1. **AtlasRMandBarthaR**.(2000).MicrobialEcology:Fundamentals&Applications.4th edition. Benjamin/Cummings SciencePublishing,USA
- 2. MadiganMT, MartinkoJMandParkerJ. (2014). BrockBiologyofMicroorganisms. 14thedit ion. Pearson/BenjaminCummings
- 3. **MaierRM, PepperlLand Gerba CP**. (2009). Environmental Microbiology. 2nd edition, Acad emic Press
- 4. **Okafor, N**(2011). Environmental Microbiology of Aquatic & Wastesystems. 1 stedition, S pringer, New York
- 5. **SinghA,Kuhad,RC&WardOP**(2009).AdvancesinAppliedBioremediation.Volum e17, Springer-Verlag,BerlinHedeilberg
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- 7. **CoyneMS**. (2001). Soil Microbiology: An Exploratory Approach. Delmar Thomson Learning
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- 9. **MartinA**.(1977). AnIntroductionto Soil Microbiology. 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. John Wiley & Sons Inc. New York & London.
- 10. **StolpH**.(1988).MicrobialEcology:OrganismsHabitatsActivities.CambridgeUniversit yPress, Cambridge,England.
- 11. **SubbaRaoNS**.(1999).SoilMicrobiology.4thedition.Oxford&IBHPublishingCo.NewDel
- 12. **WilleyJM,SherwoodLM,andWoolvertonCJ**.(2013).Prescott'sMicrobiology.9theditio n. McGrawHillHigherEducation.





## **PRACTICALS**

Sr.	Experiment
No	
1	Analysis of soil pH, moisture content, water holding capacity, percolation, capillary action.
2	Isolation of microbes (bacteria & fungi) from soil (28ºC&45ºC).
3	Isolation of microbes (bacteria and fungi) from rhizosphere and rhizoplane.
4	Assessment of microbiological quality of water.
5	Determination of BOD of waste water sample.
6	Study the presence of microbial activity by detecting (qualitatively) enzymes (dehydrogenase, amylase, urease) in soil.
7	Isolation of Rhizobium from root nodules.





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

SUBJECT NAME: MICROBIAL DIAGNOSIS IN HEALTH CLINICS

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04MDC1 Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester							
						The	eory			Pra	ctical	
Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Session Exam		Univer Exai	-	Internal		University	Total Marks
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
2	0	0	2	2	15	1	35	1.5				50

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

Sr.	Course contents	Teaching
No.		Hours
1	Importance of Diagnosis of Diseases:	
	Bacterial, Viral, Fungal and Protozoan Diseases of various human body	5
	systems, Disease associated clinical samples for diagnosis.	
2	Collection of Clinical Samples:	
	How to collect clinical samples (oral cavity, throat, skin, Blood,	5
	CSF, urine and faeces) and precautions required. Method of	
	transport of clinical samples to laboratory and storage.	
3	Direct Microscopic Examination and Culture.	
	Examination of sample by staining-Gram stain, Ziehl Neelson staining	
	for tuberculosis, Giemsa- stained thin blood film for malaria.	5
	Preparation and use of culture media-Blood agar, Chocolate agar,	
	Lowenstein-Jensen medium, MacConkey agar, Distinct colony	
	properties of various bacterial pathogens.	
4	Serological and Molecular Methods	
	Serological Methods-Agglutination, ELISA, immune fluorescence,	5
	Nucleic acid based methods- PCR, Nucleic acid probes	
5	Kits for Rapid Detection of Pathogens	5
	Typhoid, Dengue and HIV, Swine flu	3
6	Testing for Antibiotic Sensitivity in Bacteria:	
	Importance, Determination of resistance/sensitivity of bacteria using disc	5
	diffusion method, Determination of minimal inhibitory concentration	
	(MIC) of an antibiotic by serial double dilution method	





30

### **Learning Outcomes:-**

At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

#### Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.

- 1. Anantha narayan and Paniker CKJ (2009) Textbook of Microbiology,8<sup>th</sup> edition Universities Press Private Ltd.
- 2. Brooks G.F., Carroll K.C., Butel J.S., Morse S.A. and Mietzner, T.A (2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology. 26<sup>th</sup> edition. McGraw Hill Publication
- 3. Randhawa, VS, Mehta G and Sharma KB (2009) Practicals and Vivain Medical Microbiology 2nd edition, Elsevier India Pvt Ltd
- 4. TilleP (2013) Bailey's and Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology, $13^{\hbox{th}}$ edition,Mosby
- 5. Collee JG, Fraser, AG, Marmion, BP, Simmons A(2007) Mackie and Mccartney Practical Medical Microbiology,14<sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier.





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

SUBJECT NAME: Microbial Quality Control in Food and

**Pharmaceutical Industries** 

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04MDC1 Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester							
					Theory			Practical				
Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Session Exam		Univer Exai	-	Internal		University	Total Marks
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
2	0	0	2	2	15	1	35	1.5				50

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

#### **Course content:**

Sr.	Course contents	Teaching
No.		Hours
1	Microbiological Laboratory and Safe Practices:	
	Good laboratory practices-Good laboratory practices, Good microbiological	8
	practices, Bio safety cabinets–Working of biosafety cabinets, using protective	0
	clothing, specification for BSL-1, BSL-2, BSL-3 .Discarding biohazardous	
	waste Methodology of Disinfection, Autoclaving & Incineration	
2	Determining Microbes in Food/Pharmaceutical Samples:	
Í	Culture and microscopic methods Standard plate count, Most probable	
	numbers, Direct microscopic counts, Biochemical and immunological	10
	methods: Limulus lysate test for endotoxin, gel diffusion, sterility testing for	
	pharmaceutical products, Molecular methods-Nucleic acid probes, PCR	
	based detection, biosensors.	
3	Pathogenic Microorganisms of Importance in Food & Water:	
	Enrichment culture technique, Detection of specific microorganisms-on XLD	
	agar, Salmonella, Shigella Agar, Manitol salt agar, EMB agar, McConkey	8
	Agar, Saboraud Agar, As certaining microbial quality of milk by MBRT,	
	Rapid detection methods of microbiological quality of milk at milk collection	
	centres (COB,10 min Resazurin assay)	
4	HACCP for Food Safety and Microbial Standards:	
	Hazard analysis of critical control point(HACCP)-Principles, flow diagrams,	4
	limitations, Microbial Standards for Different Foods and Water–BIS	
	standards for common foods and drinking water	
	Total Hours	30

**Learning Outcomes:-**





At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

## Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.

- 1. **Harrigan WF**(1998) Laboratory Methods in Food Microbiology, 3rded. Academic Press
- 2. **Garg N, Garg KL and Mukerji KG** (2010) Laboratory Manual of Food Microbiology IK International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. **Jay JM**, **Loessner MJ**, **Golden DA** (2005) Modern Food Microbiology, 7th edition. Springer
- 4. **Baird RM, Hodges NA and Denyer SP** (2005) Handbook of Microbiological Quality control in Pharmaceutical and Medical Devices, Taylor and Francis Inc.





# FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF LIFE SCIENCES

COURSE: B.Sc. SEMESTER: IV

SUBJECT NAME: MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN MICROBIAL

**DISEASES** 

**SUBJECT CODE: 4SC04MHDC1 Teaching & Evaluation Scheme:-**

Tea	ching	hour	s/week	Credit	Evaluation Scheme/semester							
					Theory			Practical				
Th	Tu	Pr	Total		Session Exam		Univer Exai	-	Internal		University	Total Marks
					Marks	Hrs	Marks	Hrs	Pr	TW		
2	0	0	2	2	15	1	35	1.5				50

**Objectives:-** The primary objective of this course is to make people aware of the importance of Food and Dairy Microbiology

**Prerequisites:-** Basic understanding of concepts related to food & dairy microbiology and its application for human health.

Sr.	Course contents	Teaching
No.		Hours
1	Human Diseases Infectious and non-infectious diseases, microbial and non-microbial diseases, Deficiency diseases, occupational diseases, Incubation period, Mortality rate, nosocomial infections	4
2	Microbial diseases	
	Respiratory microbial diseases, gastro intestinal microbial diseases, Nervous System diseases, skin diseases, eye diseases, urinary tract diseases, Sexually transmitted diseases: Types, route of infection, clinical systems and general prevention methods, study of recent outbreaks of human diseases (SARS/Swineflu/Ebola)—causes, spread and control, Mosquito borne disease—Types and prevention.	12
3	Therapeutics of Microbial diseases  Treatment using antibiotics: beta lactam antibiotics (penicillin, cephalosporins), quinolones, polypeptides and aminoglycosides. Judicious use of antibiotics, importance of completing antibiotic regimen, Concept of DOTS, emergence of antibiotic resistance, urren tissues of MDR/XDR microbial strains.  Treatment using antiviral agents: Amantadine, Acyclovir, Azidothymidine. Concept of HAART.	8
4	Prevention of Microbial Diseases  General preventive measures, Importance of personal hygiene, environmental sanitation and methods to Prevent the spread of infectious agents transmitted by direct contact, food, water and insect vectors.	6





Vaccines: Importance, types, vaccines available against microbial diseases,	
Vaccination schedule (compulsory and preventive)in the Indian context.	
Total Hours	30

## **Learning Outcomes:-**

At the end of the course the student would have sufficient knowledge of bioinformatics & biostatistics.

### Teaching & Learning Methodology:-

- Use of audiovisual aids.
- Use of charts.
- Student interaction, group discussion, seminar, quizzes, assignment, brain storming session.

- 1. Ananthanarayan R. and Paniker C.K.J.(2009) Textbook of Microbiology. 8thedition, University Press Publication
- 2. Brooks G.F., CarrollK.C., ButelJ.S., MorseS.A .and Mietzner,T.A.(2013) Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg's Medical Microbiology.26thedition.McGraw Hill Publication
- 3. Goering R., DockrellH., ZuckermanM. And WakelinD.(2007) Mims'Medical Microbiology.4<sup>th</sup>edition.Elsevier
- 4. Willey JM, Sherwood LM, and Wool verton CJ.(2013) Prescott, Harley and Klein's Microbiology. 9thedition. McGraw Hill Higher Education
- 5. Madigan MT, MartinkoJM, DunlapPV and ClarkDP.(2014). Brock Biology of Microorganisms.14<sup>th</sup> edition. Pearson International Edition